

## SAFETY MONDAY

## Housekeeping

1910.1200 Hazard Communication GHS Compliance





### Secondary containers are a frequently cited OSHA violation

- Ensure all secondary containers that are not used immediately are labeled with Proper GHS Complaint Label
- It is not acceptable to write the product name with a sharple
- Food and Beverage containers are not to be used as secondary containers
- Ensure all chemical containers have the 6 elements listed below

## **GHS Label Elements**

#### 1. Signal Word:

Indicates relative level of hazard. 'Danger" is used for most severe instances, while "Warning" is less severe.

2. Symbols (Hazard Pictograms): Convey health, physical and environmental hazard information with red diamond pictograms. May use a combination of one to five symbols.

# DANGER

#### Carbon Monoxide

H220: Extremely flammable gas. -H331: Toxic if inhaled. - H3600: May damage the unborn child. - H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Keep container tightly closed. Avoid breathing vapours. If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in amposition comfortable for breathing. Call a Poison Center or doctor. Store in a well-ventilated place.

3830-08.0 211-128-3 006-001-00-2 #####

Company ABC 1234 Long Road New York, New York 555-800-8585 3. Product Name or Identifiers\*

#### 4. Hazard Statements:

Phrases that describe the nature of hazardous products and often times the degree of hazard.

#### 5. Precautionary Statements:

Phrases associated with each hazard statement, that describe general preventative, response, storage or disposal precautions.

\*Additional Product Identifiers

30.0L

Manufacturer Information: Company name, address & telephone number.

Content provided by Tyler Kachelries Safety Manager II



